

Proclamation 6740 of October 13, 1994**To Establish Tariff-Rate Quotas on Certain Wheat**

By the President of the United States of America

A Proclamation

1. In accordance with section 22 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act, as amended ("the Act") (7 U.S.C. 624), the Secretary of Agriculture has advised me that he has reason to believe that wheat, classified in heading 1001 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTS), is being or is practically certain to be imported into the United States under such conditions and in such quantities as to render or tend to render ineffective, or materially interfere with the price support, payment, and production adjustment program for wheat conducted by the Department of Agriculture.

2. Based upon this advice, I directed the United States International Trade Commission ("the Commission") to initiate an investigation with respect to this matter under section 22 of the Act.

3. Based on the investigation and report of the Commission, I have determined that certain articles of wheat are being imported or are practically certain to be imported into the United States under such conditions and in such quantities as to materially interfere with the price support, payment, and production adjustment program for wheat conducted by the Department of Agriculture. Further, I have determined that the imposition of the tariff-rate quotas, as hereinafter proclaimed, is necessary in order that the entry, or withdrawal from warehouse for consumption, of such articles will not materially interfere with the price support, payment, and production adjustment program for wheat conducted by the Department of Agriculture. I have also determined that imports of wheat from Canada have increased significantly as a result of a substantial change in the wheat support programs of the United States and Canada.

4. Section 604 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended (19 U.S.C. 2483), authorizes the President to embody in the HTS the substance of relevant provisions of that Act, of other Acts affecting import treatment, and of actions taken thereunder.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, WILLIAM J. CLINTON, President of the United States of America, acting under the authority vested in me by the Constitution and the laws of the United States, including but not limited to section 22 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act, as amended, and section 604 of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended, do proclaim that:

(1) In order to establish tariff-rate quotas on imports of certain wheat, subchapter IV of chapter 99 of the HTS is modified as set forth in the Annex to this proclamation.

(2) For durum wheat entered during a specified quota year, other than qualifying goods of Mexico or seed wheat, the aggregate quantity exceeding 300,000,000 kilograms but not exceeding 450,000,000 kilograms is subject to the in-quota rate of duty established in such Annex and the aggregate quantity exceeding 450,000,000 kilograms is subject to the over-quota rate of duty established in such Annex. For other wheat and meslin entered during a specified quota year, other than qualifying goods of Mexico or white winter wheat, the aggregate quan-

tity exceeding 1,050,000,000 kilograms is subject to the over-quota rate of duty established in the Annex.

(3) The modifications made by this proclamation shall be effective with respect to articles entered, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after September 12, 1994, and before the close of September 11, 1995, unless expressly suspended, modified, or terminated.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this thirteenth day of October, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and ninety-four, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and nineteenth.

WILLIAM J. CLINTON

ANNEX

TEMPORARY MODIFICATIONS TO THE HARMONIZED TARIFF SCHEDULE OF THE UNITED STATES

Note:

The HTS is modified as provided below. The subheadings and superior text are set forth in columnar format, and material in such columns is inserted in columns of the HTS to be designated "Heading/Subheading", "Article Description", and "Rates of Duty (Section 22 Fees)", respectively.

Effective with respect to articles that are entered, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, on or after September 12, 1994, and before the close of September 11, 1995, at which time such modifications shall be deleted from the HTS:

Subchapter IV of chapter 99 of the HTS is modified by inserting the following new subheadings and superior text in numerical sequence:

"Durum wheat (provided for in subheading 1001.10.00), other than qualifying goods of Mexico or seed wheat, if entered during the period from September 12, 1994, through September 11, 1995, inclusive:	
9904.70.10	In an aggregate quantity not exceeding 300,000,000 kilograms
9904.70.11	In an aggregate quantity not exceeding 300,000,000 kilograms but not exceeding 450,000,000 kilograms
9904.70.12	Other
	Other wheat and meslin (the foregoing provided for in subheading 1001.90.20), other than qualifying goods of Mexico or white winter wheat, if entered during the period from September 12, 1994, through September 11, 1995, inclusive:

No change
2.3¢/kg less the applicable duty provided in subheading 1001.10.00, but not in excess of 50%
5¢/kg less the applicable duty provided in subheading 1001.10.00, but not in excess of 50%

9904.70.15	In an aggregate quantity not exceeding 1,050,000,000 kilograms	No Change
9904.70.16	Other	5¢/kg less the applicable duty provided in subheading 1001.90.20, but not in excess of 50% ¹

Proclamation 6741 of October 14, 1994

White Cane Safety Day, 1994

By the President of the United States of America

A Proclamation

At a time when nations around the world are embracing the blessings of democracy, human dignity, and freedom, it is fitting that Americans rededicate ourselves to protecting these rights for our own citizens.

White Cane Safety Day provides a special opportunity to reflect on the many accomplishments and contributions of Americans who are blind and visually impaired and to heighten public awareness of the symbolic strength of the white cane. For blind and visually impaired persons, the white cane represents access, opportunity, mobility, and safety. For everyone in the United States, the white cane reminds us that having a disability does not diminish one's right to take part in any aspect of society. The independence the white cane provides enables wider participation in the work force, in commerce, education, entertainment, and indeed in all aspects of the human experience.

We must remain vigilant in our efforts to ensure full access for blind and visually impaired persons and for others with disabilities. Our continuing efforts to implement fully and to enforce the requirements of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act of 1975, and other statutes serve to guarantee access and opportunity.

As we step up to meet the challenges of an increasingly fast-paced global economy, we must strive to foster the creative potential and the active participation of each one of our citizens. Only then will we truly enjoy the intelligence, energy, and initiative of every person. From exclusion to inclusion, from dependence to independence, from paternalism to empowerment—white canes across the country are marking the path toward success for all of us.

To recognize the accomplishments of individuals who are blind and visually impaired and to acknowledge the white cane and its many contributions to our society, the Congress, by joint resolution approved October 6, 1964, designated October 15 of each year as "White Cane Safety Day."

NOW, THEREFORE, I, WILLIAM J. CLINTON, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim October 15, 1994, as White Cane Safety Day. I call upon all Americans to observe this day with appro-